Bridge Performance Measures

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Performance Measures

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Why Performance Measure for Bridges?

- Facilitates improvement of condition and services
- Shows tangible results to our customers and stakeholders
- A tool for strengthening accountability
- A tool to assess the effectiveness of allocated resources
- And so on....



Performance Measure is an Essential Component of Bridge Management



Sharing Practices Between DOTs

• There are several research initiatives that are sponsored by AASHTO Standing Committee on Performance Management

NCHRP 20-24(37)A	Measuring Performance among State DOTs: Sharing Good Practices Construction Project Cost and Schedule		
NCHRP 20-24(37)B	Measuring Performance among State DOTs: Sharing Good Practices based on the International Roughness Index		
NCHRP 20-24(37)C	Measuring Performance Among State DOTs, Sharing Best Practices Safety		
NCHRP 20-24(37)D	Measuring Performance Among State DOTs, Sharing Best PracticesOperations Performance Using Incident Response Time		
NCHRP 20-24(37)E	Measuring Performance Among State DOTs, Sharing Best Practices— Preservation: Comparative Analysis of Bridge Conditions		
NCHRP 20-24(37)F	Establishment of Comparative Performance Measures Program Infrastructure to Support National System Performance Data Collection and Analysis		
NCHRP 20-24(37)G	Technical Guidance for Deploying National Level Performance Measurements		
NCHRP 20-24(37)H	Workshop on Transportation-System Performance Measures Suitable for National Use		

- Report is based on NBI data for 34 States
- Report identifies 8 Bridge Condition Performance Measures
 - 1. Structurally Deficient Bridges Deck Area (2009)
 - 2. Bridges with Sufficiency Rating (SR) $\leq 50 \text{Deck Area}$ (2009)
 - 3. Posted Bridges Deck Area (2009)
 - 4. Bridges in Good Condition (NBI GCR ≥7) Deck Area (2009)
 - 5. Structurally Deficient Bridges Deck Area (Change from 1999 2009)
 - 6. Bridges with Suff. Rating ≤50 Deck Area (Change from 1999-2009)
 - 7. Posted Bridges Deck Area (Change from 1999 2009)
 - 8. Bridges in Good Condition Deck Area (Change from 1999 2009)



Dorformanco Moacuro	Results Summary Across Participating States			
Performance Measure	Range	Mean	Median	
1999 NBI Data				
SD Bridges	1% to 20 %	7%	6%	
Low Sufficiency Rating	0% to 17%	4%	4%	
Posted Bridges	0% to 18%	2%	1%	
Bridges in Good Condition	3% to 83%	40%	38%	
Cł	nange in Data from	1999-2009		
SD Bridges	-15% to +9%	22 States improved or stayed the same		
Low Sufficiency Rating	-12% to +4%	27 States improved or stayed the same		
Posted Bridges	-5% to +4%	27 States improved or stayed the same		
Bridges in Good Condition -42% to +21% 14 States improved or stayed the		or stayed the same		



Commendable Practices

Criteria:

- One State from each of the four regions (NE, S, MW, W)
- States that are showing improvement in 2009 as well as improvements between 1999 – 2009
- Used SD, SR, and Bridges in Good Condition measures

Based on the aforementioned criteria the following sates were selected:

- Kansas
- Utah
- New York
- Georgia



Contributing Factors to Strong Performance

- 1. Make the Case for Bridge Investment
 - A. Establish and use Performance Measures for benchmarking bridge condition and communicating agency targets
 - B. Determine funding requirements to meet performance targets
 - C. Document agency approach to prioritizing rehab and replacement work to ensure funds are targeted to the appropriate projects and to improve accountability

2. Emphasizing Bridge Preservation

- D. Inspect bridges at the element level
- E. Track bridge-level work recommendations as part of bridge inspections, and establish an approach to tracking and prioritizing bridge work recommendations
- F. Establish programs for common types of preservation actions such as bridge washing, joint repairs, deck overlays, painting and concrete repairs



Contributing Factors to Strong Performance (Cont'd)

- 3. Construct Maintainable Bridges
 - G. Discourage the use of high maintenance design details, i.e. eliminating expansion joints when possible
 - H. Encourage the use of standard designs institutionalizing maintainable bridge designs to reduce the high maintenance details and reduce the time and cost for engineering
 - I. Take advantage of alternative contracting and delivery approaches such design/build and accelerated bridge construction
 - J. Enhance communications between bridge design and maintenance staff through quarterly or annual meetings



Recommendations for future Comparative Performance Measurement for Bridge Condition:

- 1. Continue use of performance measures based on NBI data for the short-term.
- 2. Support Transition to use element level data
- 3. Base bridge performance measure on Deck Area
- 4. Use good, fair, poor categories
- 5. Include SD bridges as a supplement measure
- 6. Track bridge condition measure independent of bridge decks
- 7. Track changes in bridge condition in addition to current condition
- 8. Don't use posted bridges as a primary measure
- 9. Support bridge inspectors training and QA
- 10. Improve bridge cost data



Bridge Management Program Approach

- Three Components Approach
 - Preservation
 - Rehabilitation
 - Replacement



Essential components of a good bridge preservation program:

- Funding establish dedicated funding mechanism separate from rehab, replacements, and capital improvements funds
- Program Parameters identify strategies and qualifying activities
 - Consider an approach that focuses on bridges that are in fair to good condition
 - Consider an approach that focuses on cyclical activities, i.e. cleaning bridges, lubricating bearing, tightening fasteners, sealing decks, zone painting steel girders, etc.
 - Consider an approach that is condition driven, i.e. painting steel elements, installing deck overlays, replacing leaking deck joints, installing cathodic protection/prevention systems, etc



- Establish Bridge Preservation related performance measures Performance measure examples:
 - Maintaining X% of bridges in good condition
 - Maintaining X% of expansion joints in good and not leaking condition
 - Maintaining X% of coated steel surfaces in good condition
 - Maintaining X% of bearing devises in good condition
 - Clean 100% of all bridges that are in good condition annually
 - Consider establishing different Performance Targets for different highway systems, or different functional classification, or certain ADT ranges



- Perform bridge preservation needs assessments based on the established program parameters noted previously
- Establish performance measure bench mark, monitor the overall performance of the program regularly, and make adjustments as needed
- Similar steps can be considered in establishing dedicated rehabilitation and replacement programs



Thank you!

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