



Chip Seal

Best Practices

by:
Larry Galehouse, P.E. (NCPP)
&
Tom Wood (MnDOT)



Pavement Preservation is needed because:

- **it keeps good pavements lasting longer**
- **it costs less than traditional approaches**
- **it is cost effective**
 - *anecdotal evidence*
 - *pavement management data*



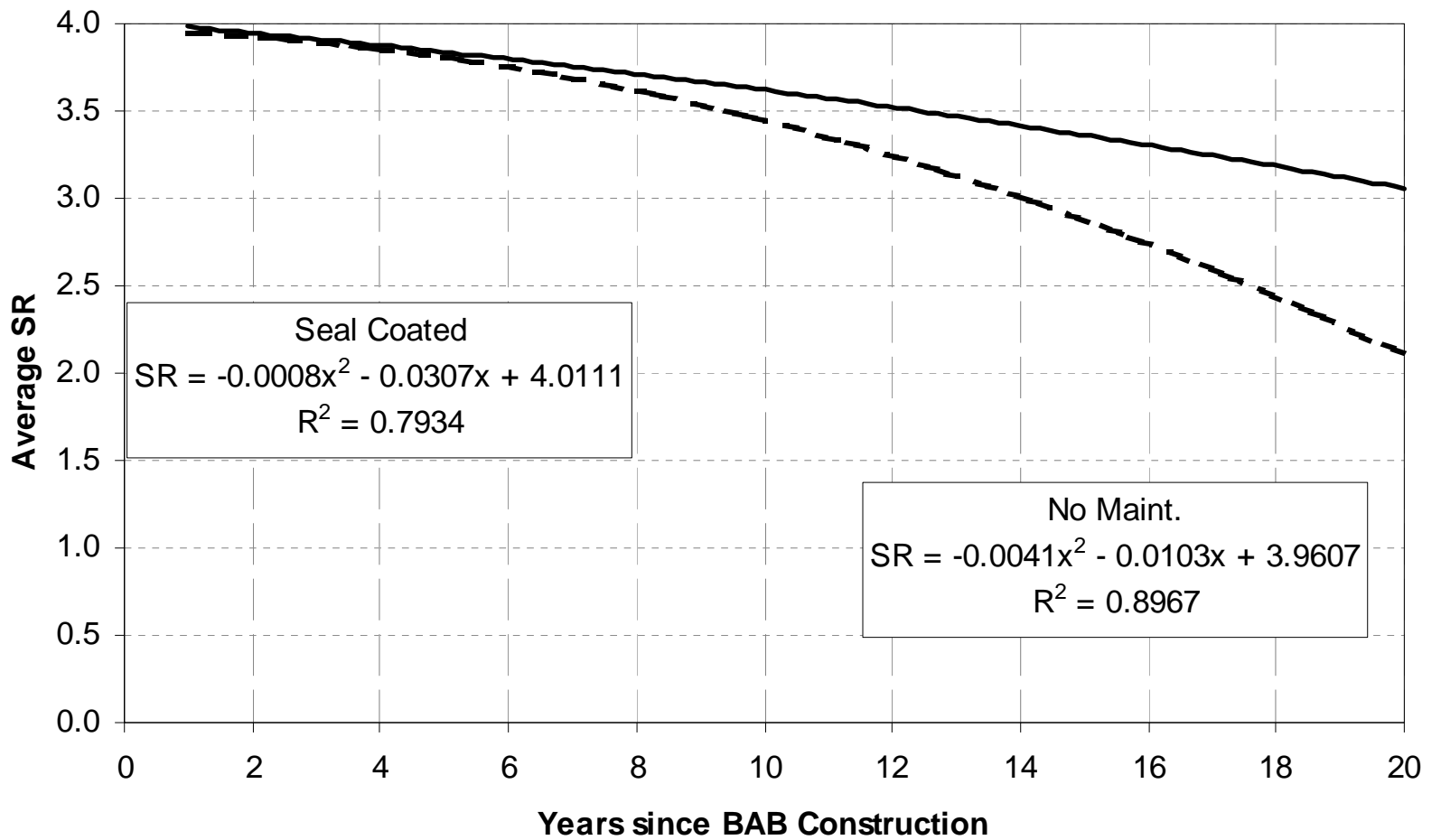
No Maintenance

Seal Coated

— Poly. (Seal Coated)

--- Poly. (No Maintenance)

— Poly. (No Maintenance)





Web Resources

Australia

- ✓ Roads and Traffic Authority (RTA, NSW)
www.rta.nsw.gov.au
- ✓ Road Corporation (VicRoads, Victoria)
www.vicroads.vic.gov.au

New Zealand

- ✓ Transit New Zealand (TNZ)
www.transit.govt.nz



Web Resources

United States

- ✓ National Center for Pavement Preservation
www.pavementpreservation.org
- ✓ Minnesota DOT
www.dot.state.mn.us
- ✓ Texas DOT
www.dot.state.tx.us



Introduction

Chapter 1



Chip Seal - 5 months old



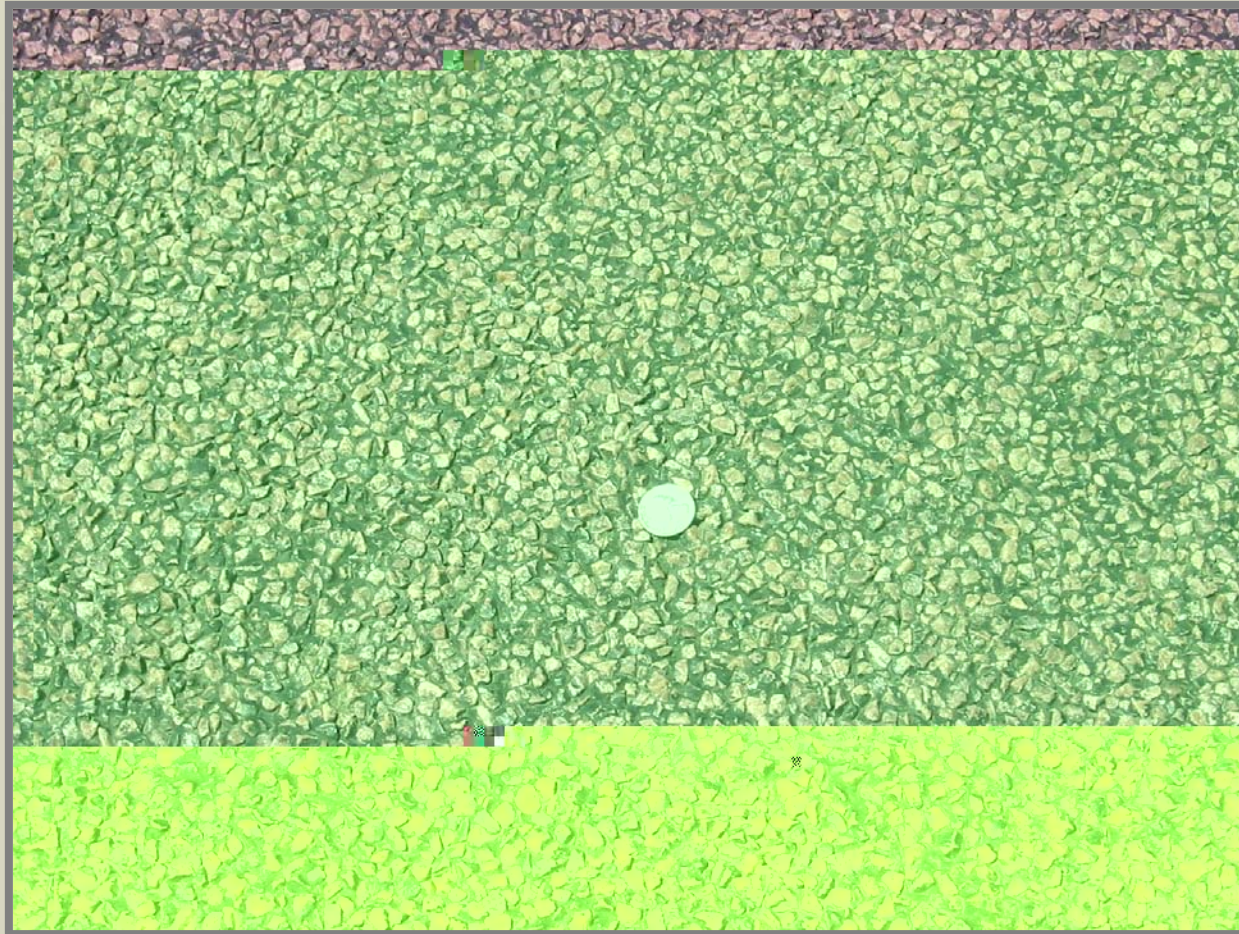


Chip Seal – 2 years old



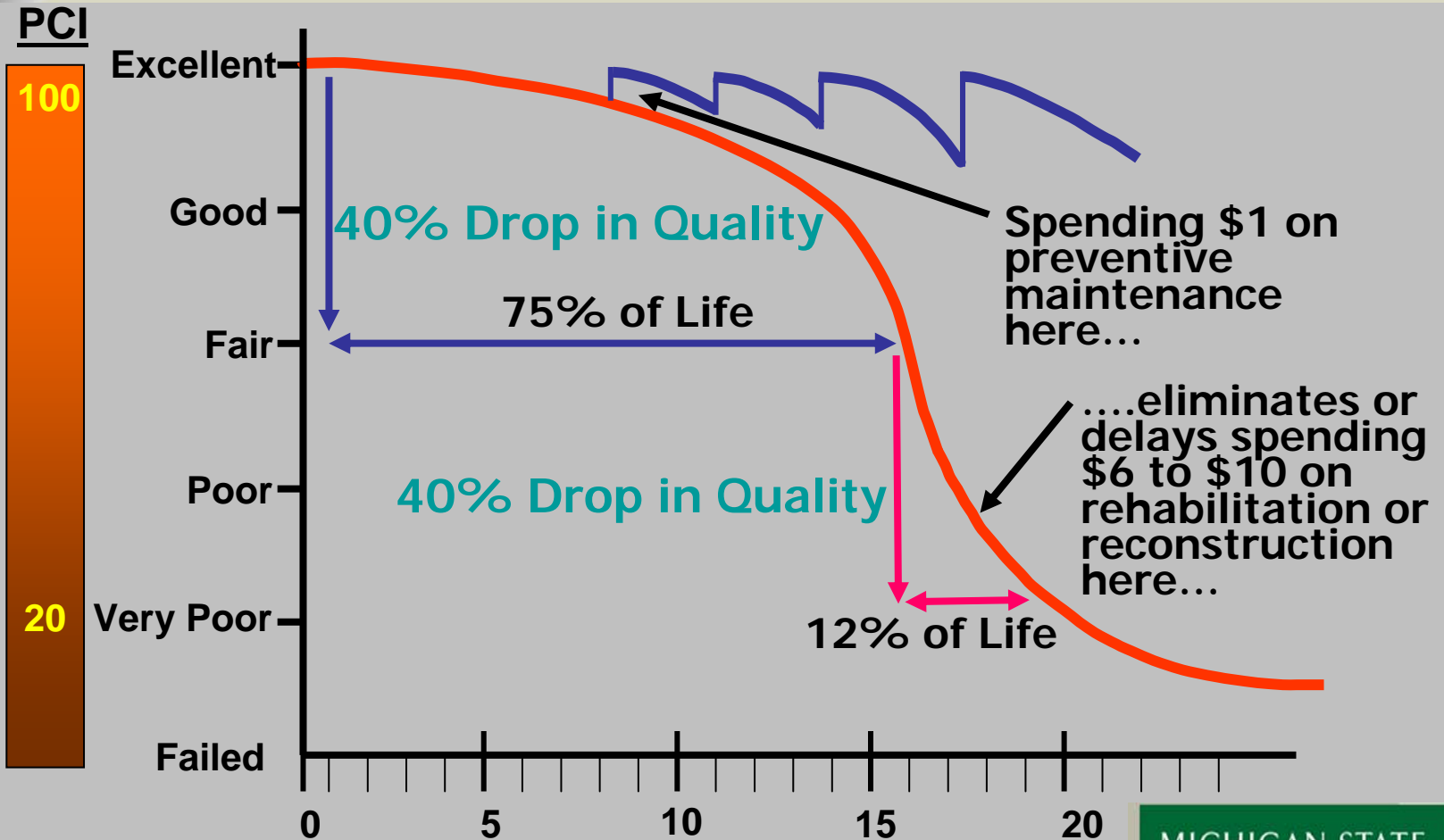


Chip Seal – 2 years old





Preventive Maintenance Concept



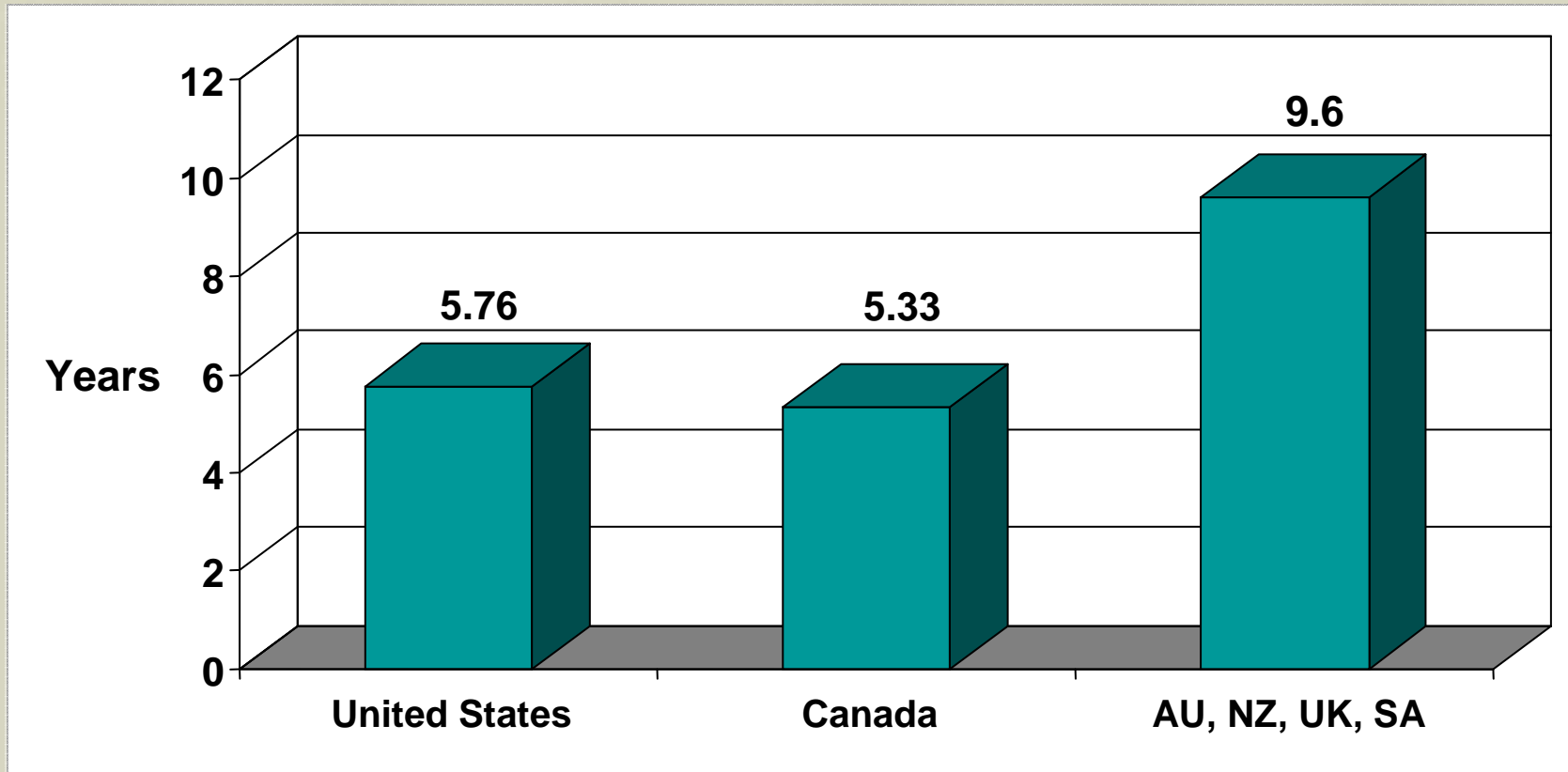


Chip Seals - Development

- ✓ Date from the 1920's
- ✓ Originally designed as wearing courses for low volume gravel roads
- ✓ Evolved into maintenance treatments for low and high volume roads
- ✓ Protect asphalt layer from damage
- ✓ Skid resistant surface



Chip Seal Service Life





Pavement Preservation

Definition:

"A program employing a network level, long-term strategy that enhances pavement performance by using an integrated, cost-effective set of practices that extend pavement life, improve safety and meet motorist expectations."

Source: FHWA Pavement Preservation Expert Task Group



Chip Seal Advantages

- ✓ Cost Effective Treatments
- ✓ Good Durability
- ✓ Ease of Construction
- ✓ Improved Skid Resistance



Chip Seal Disadvantages

- ✓ Cure Time
- ✓ Flying Chips
- ✓ Noise Considerations
- ✓ Weather Consideration
- ✓ Performance
- ✓ Ride Quality (will not improve)



Chip Seal Limitations

- ✓ Adding Structural Capacity
- ✓ Unsuitable for Bad Roads



NCHRP User Survey

- ✓ Conducted 2003-2004
- ✓ Review of Best Practices
- ✓ State, Federal, and Local Agencies
[54]
- ✓ Internationally: Canada, Europe,
Africa, Pacific Nations
[22]

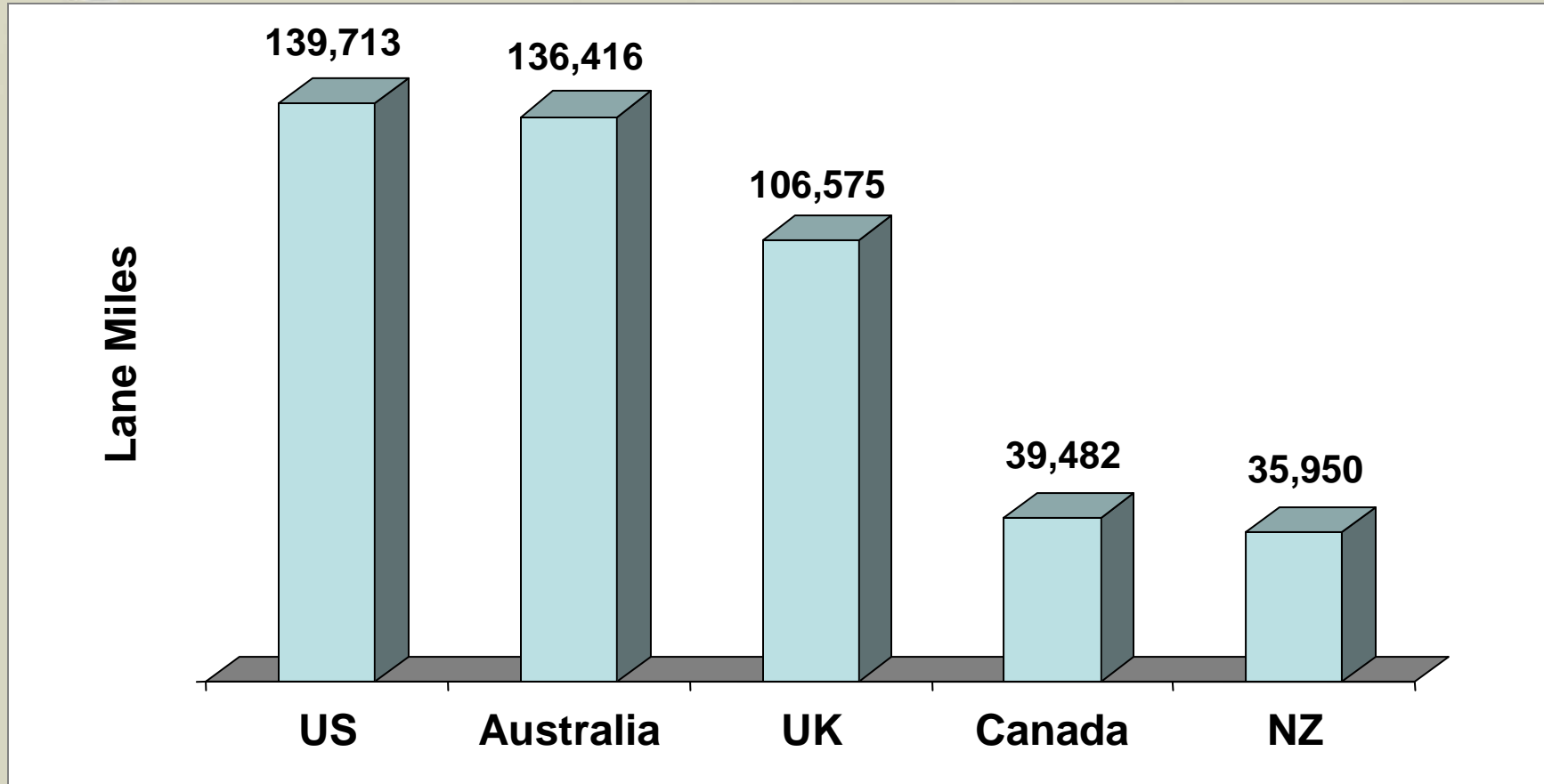


NCHRP Findings

- ✓ Overseas experience much different than North America experience
- ✓ Rely on emulsion binders in the U.S.
- ✓ Climate most critical
- ✓ Emulsions better in hot weather and asphalt cement better in cool weather
- ✓ Aggregate choice and transportation costs
- ✓ Electrostatic compatibility of aggregates and binders



Where are Chip Seals Used?





Art or Science?

Art	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Variable Conditions• Judgmental Adjustments• Experienced Personnel• Variable Results
Science	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Uniform Conditions• Few Adjustments• Flexible Personnel• Predictable Results



Differing Philosophies

North America

- ✓ Distress
- ✓ Prevention of water infiltration

Overseas

- ✓ Low skid numbers
- ✓ Need for wearing surface



Evolution of Chip Seals

Characteristic	North America	Overseas
Philosophy	Art	Science
Agency Realm	Maintenance	Construction
Forces	In-House	Contractor
Design	Recipe	Engineering Principles
Risk	Agency	Contractor
Pavement Selection	Variable	Textured (Sand Circle)
Surface Hardness	No	Yes
Outcome	Uncertain	Predictable



Chip Seal Terminology

- ✓ Flushing, bleeding, raveling, shelling?
- ✓ Variations between regions, within agencies, and from practitioner to practitioner.
- ✓ Terminology variations impact decision making, evaluation, and corrective actions.



Flushing!



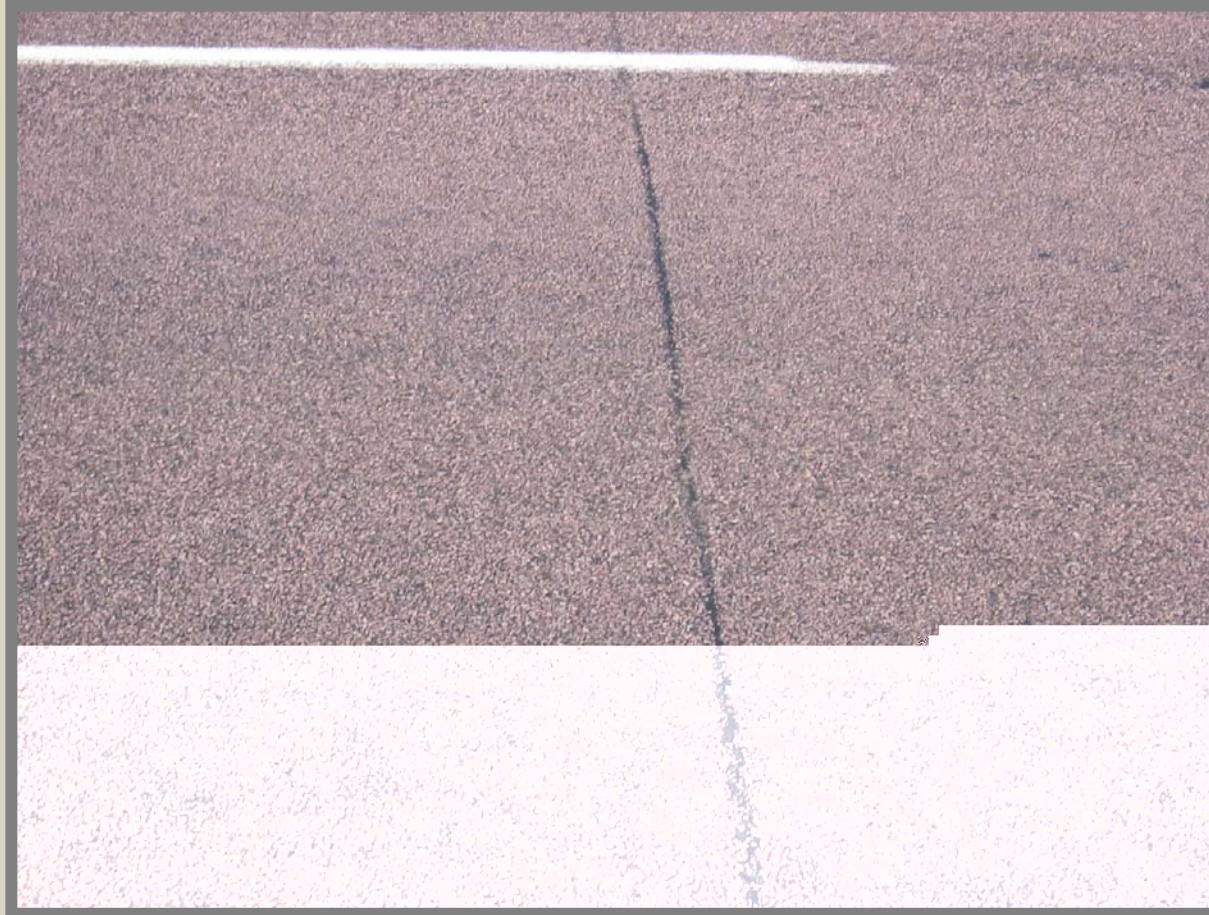


Shelling/Raveling!





Proper Embedment!





Questions?